

# Government General Degree College Mohanpur Vill- Srirampur, P. O- Siyalsai, Dist- Paschim Medinipur

### West Bengal- 721436

# Department of Philosophy Lesson Plan for SEMESTER 1 ( C.B.C.S.)

COURSE CODE	PAPER NAME	DESCRIPTION OF TOPCS	NAME OF THE FACULTY	PERIOD	NUMBER OF LECTURERS
CC-1	INDIAN PHILOSOPHHY- I	1, General features of Indian Philosophy 2. Carvaka, Jainism, Buddhism, Nyaya-Vaisesika, Samkhya, Yoga, Mimamsa and Advaita Vedanta	PUSPENDU BIKASH SAHOO	JULY TO DECEMBER	25
C C-2	HISTORY OF WESTERN PHILOSOPHY-1	Pre Socratic Philosophy.  2. Basic Philosophy of Plato, Aristotle, St. Thomas Aquinas, Descartes, Spinoza and Liebniz	PARTHA SARKAR	DO	25
GE-1	WESTERN LOGIC	Introductory topics, Sentence, Proposition, truth, Argument, Aristotelian classification of categorical proposition and Boolean interpretation of Categorical proposition	NAYAN SHIT	DO	20

DSC 1A (GEN)  INDIAN PHILOSOPHY  Schools: Astika and Nastika.  PUSPEN BIKASH  2. Carvaka, Jainism, Buddhism, Nyaya- Vaisesika.	NDU DO 15 H SAHOO	
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COURSE	PAPER NAME	DESCRIPTION OF TOPCS	NAME OF THE FACULTY	PERIOD	NUMBER OF LECTURERS
CC-3	INDIAN PHILOSOPHHY-II	1.Sāmkhya - Satkāryavāda, Nature of Prakṛti, its constituents and proofs for its existence. Nature of Puruṣa and proofs for its existence, Plurality of Puruṣas, theory of evolution.  2. Yoga - Citta, Cittavṛtti, Cittabhūmi. Eight fold path of Yoga, God. 3.Mīmāmsā (Prābhakara and Bhātta) Anvitābhidhānvāda and avihitānvayavāda, Arthāpatti and Anupalabdhi as sources of knowledge,	PUSPENDU BIKASH SAHOO	JANUARY TO JUNE	25

		1		T	
		4. Advaita Vedānta -			
		Sankara's view of Brahman,			
		Saguṇa and Nirguṇa Brahman,			
		Three grades of Sattā:			
		prātibhāsika, vyavahārika and			
		pāramārthika, Jīva, Jagat and			
		Māyā.			
C C-4	HISTORY OF	Locke : Refutation of innate			
	WESTERN	ideas, the origin and			
	PHILOSOPHY-1	formation of ideas, simple	NAYAN SHIT	DO	
	PHILOSOPHI-1	and complex ideas,			25
		substance, modes and			
		relations, nature of			
		knowledge and its degrees,			
		limits of knowledge, primary			
		and secondary qualities,			
		representative realism.			
		Berkeley: Refutation of			
		abstract ideas. Criticism of			
		Locke's distinction between			
		primary and secondary			
		qualities, Immaterialism,			
		esse-est-percipi, role of God.			
		Hume:Impression and ideas,			
		association of ideas,			
		distinction between			
		judgements concerning			
		relations of ideas and			
		judgements concerning			
		matters of fact, theory of			
		causality, theory of self and			
		personal identity, scepticism.			
		Kant : Conception of critical			
		Philosophy, distinction			
		between a priori and a			
		posteriori judgements,			
		distinction between analytic			
		and synthetic judgements.			
		Synthetic a priori judgements,			
		General problem of the			
		Critique, Copernican			
		Revolution in Philosophy,			
		Transcendental.			
GE-2	Philosophy of	Sensation, Perception: What	PUSPENDU	DO	
	Mind	is perception? Relation	BIKASH SAHOO		
	IVIIIIU	· ·	DINASH SAHOU		
		between sensation and			
		perception, Gestalt theory of			

		perception, illusion and			20
		hallucination. Consciousness:			
		Conscious, Subconscious,			
		Unconscious, Evidence for the			
		existence of the Unconscious,			
		Freud's theory of dream.			
DSC 1B	Western	Metaphysics, Realism,	NAYAN SHIT	DO	15
(GEN)	Metaphysics	Idealism, Critical Theory of			
		Kant, Theory of Causation,			

COURSE	PAPER NAME	DESCRIPTION OF TOPCS	NAME OF THE	PERIOD	NUMBER OF
CODE			FACULTY		LECTURERS
	PHILOSOPHHY OF MIND	Psychology: Definition, Nature and Scope, Methods of Psychology: Introspection, Extrospection, Experimental Methods – variables - dependent &independent, controls in experiment, limitations of experimental method. Sensation and Perception: Nature of sensation, nature of perception, relation between sensationand perception, Gestalt theory of perception. Illusion and Hallucination. Learning: Theories of Learning - Trial and error theory, Thorndike's laws of learning, GestaltTheory,		JULY TO DECEMBER	
		Pavlov's theory of conditioned response, B.F.			
		Skinner's theory of			
		Operant Conditioning.			

CC- 6	SOCIAL AND POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY	Nature and Scope of Social Philosophy. Relation between social and Political Philosophy. Primary concepts: Society, community, association, institution, family: nature, different forms of family,	PUSPENDU BIKASH SAHOO		25
		role of family in the society. Social Class and Caste: Principles of class and caste, Marxist conception of class, Varṇaśrama dharma. Theories regarding the relation between individual and society:			
C C-7	PHILOSOPHY OF RELIGION	Nature and scope of Philosophy of Religion. Doctrine of karma and rebirth, doctrine of liberation, (Hindu, Bauddha and Jaina views). The Philosophical teachings of the Holy Quran: God the ultimate Reality, His attributes, Hisrelation to the world and man. Some basic tenets of Christianity: The doctrine of Trinity, The theory of Redemption Religious Pluralism, Inter- religious dialogue and Possibility of Universal Religion. Arguments for the existence of God: Cosmological, Telelogical and Ontological arguments, Nyāya arguments Grounds for Disbelief in God	PARTHA SARKAR	DO	25

GE-3	THEORY OF	a. Definition &	PUSPENDU	DO	20
	INFERENCE IN	classification of Anumiti. b.	BIKASH SAHOO		
	NYĀYA	Importance of			
		Paňcabayabinyāya			
SEC-1 (	Philosophy of	Definition and Nature Of	PARTHA SARKAR	DO	
HONS)	Human Rights	Human Right, its Origin			
		and Historical			
		Development, Natural			
DSC 1C	LOGIC	Introductory topics,	NAYAN SHIT	DO	15
(GEN)		Sentence, Proposition,			
		truth, Argument,			
		Aristotelian classification			
		of categorical proposition			
		and Boolean interpretation			
		of Categorical proposition			
SEC-1	Philosophy of	Definition and Nature Of	PARTHA		12
(GEN)	Human Rights	Human Right, its Origin	SARKAR		
		and Historical			
		Development, Natural			
		Rights, Fundamental			
		Rights.			

COURSE CODE	PAPER NAME	DESCRIPTION OF TOPCS	NAME OF THE FACULTY	PERIOD	NUMBER OF LECTURERS
CC-8	LOGIC-1	Logic and Arguments, Deductive and Inductive Arguments, Argument forms and arguments, statement forms and statement, Truth and Validity. Categorical propositions and classes: quality, quantity and distribution of terms, Translating categorical	NAYAN SHIT	JANURY TO JUNE	25

	-	T		
		propositions into standard		
		form. b) Immediate		
		inferences: Conversion, Obversion and		
		Contrapositon, Traditional		
		square of opposition and		
		Immediate Inferences		
		based there on;		
		Existential Import,		
		symbolism and Diagrams		
		for categorical		
		propositions. c)		
		Categorical Syllogism:		
		Standard Form categorical		
		Syllogism; The Formal		
		nature of Syllogistic		
		Argument, Rules and		
		Fallacies, General Rules;		
		To test Syllogistic		
		Arguments for validity (by		
		applying general rules for		
		syllogism); To solve		
		problems and prove		
		theorems concerning		
		syllogism		
CC- 9	LOGIC-II	Symbolic Logic: The value		
		of special symbols; Truth-	PARTHA SARKAR	25
		Functions; Symbols for	I AKITIA SAKKAK	23
		Negation, Conjunction,		
		Disjunction, Conditional		
		Statements and Material		
		Implication; Material		
		Equivalence and Logical		
		Equivalence; Dagger and		
		stroke functions; inter-		
		definability of truth		
		functors. b) Tautologous,		
		Contradictory and		
		<u> </u>		
		Contingent Statement-		
		Forms; The Paradoxes of		
		Material Implication; The		
		three Laws of Thought. c)		
		Testing Argument Form		
		and Argument for validity		
		by i. The Method of Truth-		

360-2	MAN AND ENVIRONMENT	Environment, Respect for Nature, Intrinsic Value of	NAYAN SHIT		15
GE-4	TERMINATION OF LIFE AND ETHICS	a.Euthanasia. b. Abortion  Classical Indian attitude to	PARTHA SARKAR	DO	15
CC- 10	EPISTEMOLOGY AND METAPHYSICS (WESTERN)	Formal Proof of Validity: Difference between Implicational Rules and the Rules of Replacement; Construction of Formal Proof of Validity by using nineteen rules; Proof of invalidity by assignment of truth-values.  Concepts, Truth. Sources of Knowledge, Some Principal uses of the verb "To know", Conditions of Propositional Knowledge, Strong and weak senses of "know". Analytic truth and logical possibility. The a priori. The Problem of Induction. Cause and Causal Principles, Realism, Idealism.	PUSPENDU BIKASH SAHOO	DO	25
		Resolution (Fellswoop & Full Sweep)[dot notation excluded] d) Determining the logical character of statement form and statements by i. The Method of Truth-table. ii. The Method of Resolution [dot notation excluded] e) The Method of Deduction:			

		nature, Deep ecology and its third world critiqu		
DSC-1D	CONTEMPORARY INDIAN PHILOSOPHY	Rabindranath Tagore, Swami Vivekan S. Radhakrishnan and Sri Aurobindo,	PARTHA SARKAR	15
SEC-2 (GEN)	PHILOSOPHICAL ANALYSIS	a.Meaning: (a) Word - meaning and Sentence- meaning, (b) Testability and Meaning 2. Definition 3. Concept and Truth 4. Knowledge: Nature and Source of Knowledge 5. Determinism and Freedom	PUSPENDU BIKASH SAHOO	15

COURSE	PAPER NAME	DESCRIPTION OF TOPCS	NAME OF THE FACULTY	PERIOD	NUMBER OF LECTURERS
CC-11	Nyaya Logic and Epistemology –I	Definition of buddhi or jñāna (cognition), its two kinds; Definition of smṛti; Two kinds of smṛti (memory); Definition of anubhava, its division into veridical (yathārtha) and non-veridical (ayathārtha); Three kinds of nonveridical anubhava; Definitions clarified in Tarkasamgraha Dīpikā. b) Four-fold division of pramā and pramāṇa. Definition of "Kāraṇa" (special causal condition) and "kāraṇa" (general causal condition). The concept of anyathāsiddhi (irrelevance) and its	PUSPENDU BIKASH SAHOO	JULY TO DECEMBER	25

		varieties. The definition of kārya (effect). Kinds of cause: smavāyi, asamavāyi and nimitta kāraņa (definitions and analysis). c) Definition of pratyakşa and its two-fold divisi			
CC- 12	Ethics (Indian)	Introduction: Concerns and Presuppositions, Concept of Sthitaprañjna, Karmayoga: (Gīta) Puruṣārthas and their inter-relations. b) Meaning of Dharma, Concept of ṛṇa and ṛta. Classification of Dharma: sādhāraṇadharma and Asadharana Dharma, Varnasrama Dharma c) Vidhi and Niṣedha d) Buddhist Ethics: Pancaśīla, Brahmavihārabhāvanā (Bauddha) Anubrata, Mahābrata, Ahimsā. e) Jaina Ethics: anubrata, mahābrata f) Mimāṁsa Ethics:	PARTHA SARKAR		25
DSE-1	Philosophy of Language (Indian)	Definition and classification of pada b) Introduction of concepts of āsatti, yogyatā, tātparya, ākāmṣā c) Different types of lakṣaṇā d) śābdabodha e) anvitābhidhānvāda and abhihitānvayavāda	NAYAN SHIT	DO	25
DSE-2	Ethics (Applied ethics)	Nature and scope of applied ethics. b. Killing: Suicide, Euthanasia,	PARTHA SARKAR	DO	25

(GEN)	PHILOSOPHY	Metaphysics: Nature of Metaphysics, Elimination of Metaphysics 2. Realism: Naïve Realism, Scientific Realism, Representative Realism 3. Idealism:	BIKASH SAHOO		13
DSE-1A	CONTEMPORARY INDIAN PHILOSOPHY WESTERN	Rabindranath Tagore, Swami Vivekan S. Radhakrishnan and Sri Aurobindo, Metaphysics: Nature of	PARTHA SARKAR PUSPENDU	DO	15
SEC-3 (GEN)	Value Education	Rights—Discrimination on the basis of race, caste and religion. f. The Ethics of Care. g. Value beyond sentient beings, Reverence for life, Deep Ecology, Concepts of Kinship Ethics. h. Ecological Concern in Indian thought  Meaning, Characteristics, significance and objectives of Value education B. Values in different contexts: Individual, Social, Cultural, Moral and Global and Spiritual. C. Meaning and Characteristics of Peace education D. Aims and Objectives of Peace Education E. Types of peace education	PUSPENDU BIKASH SAHOO	DO	15
		Animal killing. c. Poverty, Affluence and Morality. d. War and Violence: Terrorism. e. Right: Nature and Value of Human			

Objective Idealism 4.		
Critical Theory of Kant 5.		
Theories of Causation:		
Regularity Theory and		
Entailment Theory 6.		
Substance: Views of		
Descartes, Spinoza, Locke		
and Berkeley 7. Relation		
between Mind and Body:		

COURSE	PAPER NAME	DESCRIPTION OF TOPCS	NAME OF THE	PERIOD	NUMBER OF
CODE			FACULTY		LECTURERS
CC-13	Nyaya Logic	Definiton of anumāna,			
	and	anumiti and parāmarśa.		LANULADY	
	Epistemology –	Analysis of pakṣatā.	PUSPENDU	JANUARY	25
	II	Definition of vyāpti,	BIKASH SAHOO	TO JUNE	
		Vyāptigraha. b) Definition			
		of pakṣadharmatā—			
		svārthānumiti and			
		parārthānumiti; Analysis of			
		pañcāvayavī Nyāya.			
		Necessity of parāmarśa. Three kinds of linga or			
		hetu: kevalānvayī,			
		kevalavyαtirekī and			
		anvayavyātirekī. Definiton			
		of pakṣa, Sapakṣa and			
		vipakṣa with illustrations.			
		Marks of sadhetu. c)			
		Hetvābhāsa-two types of			
		definition. Five kinds of			
		hetvābhāsa			
CC- 14	Ethics	Nature and Scope of Ethics,			
	(Western)	Classification of Ethics: a:			
		Prescriptive, b: Meta	NAYAN SHIT	DO	25
		Ethics, c: Applied Ethics. b)			
		Moral and Non-moral			
		actions, Object of Moral			

		Judgement - Motive and			
		Intention c) Moral			
		Theories: Plato and			
		Aristotle d) Standards of			
		Morality: Hedonism -			
		Ethical, Psychological.			
		Utilitarianism: Act			
		utilitarianism,			
		Ruleutilitarianism.			
		Deontological Theories:			
		Act - Deontological			
		Theories, Rule-			
		Deontological Theories -			
		Kant's Theory.Jaina Ethics:			
		anubrata, mahαbrata f)			
		Mimᾱmsa Ethics:			
		William Ethics.			
DSE-3	The Problems	CHAPTER 1-12	NAYAN SHIT	DO	25
	of Philosophy				
	Bertrand				
	Russell.				
DSE-4	M.K GANDHI	God and Truth. b) Nature	PARTHA SARKAR	DO	25
352 4	Will Charles	of Man. c) Non-Violence d)			23
		Satyāgraha			
		Suryugrunu			
		The main objective of			
656.4	1 1 1	logical reasoning. B.	BUCDENDU	20	45
SEC-4	Logical	Definitions: Pakṣa, sᾱdhya,	PUSPENDU	DO	15
(GEN)	Reasoning and	hetu, sapakṣa and Vipakṣa.	BIKASH SAHOO		
	Application	C.Construction of			
		kevalᾱnvayī,			
		kevalavyαtirekī			
		anvayvyᾱtirekī anumiti. D.			
		Hetvābhāsa and its			
		different kinds, detection			
		of hetvābhāsa.			
DSE-1B	Tarkasaṁgraha	Saptapadārtha	PUSPENDU	DO	15
	with Dīpikā	1 1	BIKASH SAHOIO	_	
	<b>,</b>				

GE-2	Applied Ethics	Concepts of Applied Ethics.	PARTHA SARKAR	DO	15
(GEN)	and Philosophy	B. Killing: Suicide,			
	of Religion	Euthanasia. C. Famine,			
		Affluence and Morality. D.			
		Environmental Ethics:			
		Value Beyond Sentient			
		Beings, Reverence for life,			
		Deep Ecology. E. Nature &			
		Concerns of Philosophy of			
		Religion. Argument for the			
		existence of God:			
		Cosmological argument,			
		Ontological argument and			
		Teleological argument. F.			
		Problem of Evil and			
		Suffering. G. Grounds for			
		disbelief in God			

# **Lesson Plan for Part-II (Hons)**

### FOR OLD REGULATION (UNDER 1+1+1 SYSTEM)

### PAPER: 3 (PSYCHOLOGY & PHILOSOPHY OF MIND AND SOCIAL & POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY)

GROUP	TOPIC	DESCRIPTION	NAME OF	PERIOD	NUMBER OF
			FACULTY		LECTURERS
GROUP-A	(PSYCHOLOGY & PHILOSOPHY OF MIND)	Definition and Scope of Psychology, Methods of Psychology — Subjective, Objective and Experimental, Brain and its function — Central Nervous System Sensation and Perception — Nature of Perception, Gestalt theory of Perception, Relation between Brain/body and mind; Different theories — Interactionism, Epiphenomenalism, Double — Aspect theory, Identity.	PARTHA SARKAR	July to June	50
GROUP-B	SOCIAL AND POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY	1.Nature and Scope of (i) Social Philosophy, (ii) Political Philosophy, Relation between Social and Political Philosophy 2. Basic Concepts: Individual, Society, Social Group, Community, Association, Institution, State and Nation	WRITTICK BHATTACHARYA	DO	50

### **PAPER-4 (WESTERN LOGIC)**

GROUP	TOPIC	DESCRIPTION	NAME OF	PERIOD	NUMBER OF
			FACULTY		LECTURERS
GROUP-A	TRADITIONAL	Validity and Invalidity – Truth and Validity , Immediate Inference: Conversion, obversion and their combined Application, square of opposition and Immediate Inference- based theorem; To determine the truth- value of a proposition given the truth value of another proposition , Categorical syllogism: General Rules; To test syllogistic argument for validity by applying general rules for syllogism; to solve problems and prove theorems concerning syllogism , Boolean interpretation of categorical	PARTHA SARKAR	DO	50
		propositions: Use of Venn diagrams to test arguments for validity.			
GROUP-B	MODERN LOGIC	Truth-functions: Negation, Conjunction, Disjunction; Reducing sentences to logical form: the conditional and the material implication, the paradoxes of material	WRITTICK BHATTACHARYA		50

implication. Material equivalence; argument and argument form, statement and statement form; testing arguments by employing Truth-table method; Three laws of thought, Rules of Inference and Rules of Replacement; Formal Proof of Validity; Proof of Invalidity; Inconsistency, quantification.	
quantification.	

# PAPER-5 (INDIAN EPISTEMOLOGY, LOGIC AND PHILOSOPHY OF LANGUAGE)

GROUP	TOPIC	DESCRIPTION	NAME OF FACULTY	PERIOD	NUMBER OF LECTURERS
GROUP-A	Pratyaksakhanda	Unit-1 From definition of Buddhi (knowledge) to Pratyaksakhanda; Unit-II Paratah-prāmānyavāda; Anyathākhyātivāda; Apramavibhāga; Smrtivibhaā.	WRITTICK BHATTACHARYA	DO	50
GROUP-B	Anumānakhanda	Anumānakhanda Śabdakhanda.	WRITTICK BHATTACHARYA	DO	50

# **Lesson Plan for Part-II (General)**

# FOR OLD REGULATION (UNDER 1+1+1 SYSTEM)

# PAPER: 2 (WESTERN METAPHYSICS & EPISTEMOLOGY AND WESTERN LOGIC)

GROUP	TOPIC	DESCRIPTION	NAME OF	PERIOD	NUMBER OF
			FACULTY		LECTURERS
GROUP-A	WESTERN METAPHYSICS & EPISTEMOLOGY	Theories of the Origin of Knowledge: Rationalism, Empiricism and Kant's Critical Theory. Realism and Idealism as theories of reality: i) Realism: Naive Realism, Scientific Realism, ii)Idealism: Subjective Idealism (Berkeley), Objective Idealism (Hegel) Causality: Entailment Theory, Regularity Theory. Mind - Body Problem: Interactionism, Parallelism and the Identity Theory	PARTHA SARKAR	July to June	50
GROUP-B	Western Logic	Proposition, Categorical Propositions and Classes: Quality, quanitity and distribution, Traditional Square of Oppositions, Further immediate Inference: Conversion, Obversion and Contraposition, Existential Import of Propositions, Boolean Interpretation of	WRITTICK BHATTACHARYA	DO	50

	Categorical		
	propositions. Syllogism.		

# PAPER: 3 (PSYCHOLOGY AND SOCIAL & POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY)

GROUP	TOPIC	DESCRIPTION	NAME OF	PERIOD	NUMBER OF
			FACULTY		LECTURERS
GROUP-A	PSYCHOLOGY	Definition and Scope of Psychology, Nature of psychology as a science, Methods of psychology - subjective objective and experimental. Sensation: Nature, Classification and attribute of sensation. Perception : Nature of Perception and its relation to sensation. Gestalt theory of Perception.	PARTHA SARKAR	July to June	50
GROUP-B	SOCIAL & POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY	Nature and Scope of Social Philosophy. Primary concepts: Society, Community, Association, Institutions. Social groups: its different forms. Social Codes: Religious and Moral codes, Custom and Law. Culture and Civilization Social class and caste, class attitudes	WRITTICK BHATTACHARYA	DO	50

# **Lesson Plan for Part-III (Honours)**

# FOR OLD REGULATION (UNDER 1+1+1 SYSTEM)

PAPER: 6 (ETHICS)

GROUP	TOPIC	DESCRIPTION	NAME OF FACULTY	PERIOD	NUMBER OF LECTURERS
GROUP-A	Theoretical Ethics	Nature of Ethics, Morality, Moral Problems, Moral Judgment, Objective of Moral Judgment, Hedonism and its types, Types of Utilitarianism, Kant's Deontological Moral Theory.	PARTHA SARKAR	July to June	50
GROUP-B	Applied Ethics	The Concept of Applied Ethics, Concept of Equality by Piter Singer, Concept of Discrimination, Value of life, Killing, Suicide, Uthanasia	PARTHA SARKAR		50

Environmental Ethics,		
Gandhi's idea of means		
– ends Relationship.		

# PAPER-7 (PHILOSOPHY OF LANGUAGE, EPISTEMOLOGY AND METAPHYSICS)

GROUP	TOPIC	DESCRIPTION	NAME OF FACULTY	PERIOD	NUMBER OF LECTURERS
GROUP-A	Language and Epistemology	Unit-I: Meaning of Definition: Word Meaning, Definition, Vagueness, Analytic truth and Logical Possibility Unit-II: Concept, The Source of knowledge, Teory of knowledge, Theory of Truth.	PARTHA SARKAR	July to June	50

GROUP-B	Metaphysics	Unit-I: Metaphusics and its types, Nature. Empirical knowledge Unit-II: Cause, Substance and Universal.	WRITTICK BHATTACHARYA		50	
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### PAPER-8 (PHILOSOPHY OF RELIGION AND PHILOSOPHICAL CLASSICS)

GROUP	TOPIC	DESCRIPTION	NAME OF FACULTY	PERIOD	NUMBER OF LECTURERS
GROUP-A	Philosophy of Religion	Unit-I: Nature of Religion, Origin of Religion, Historical Development of Religion, Characteristics of the Universal Religion Nature of Religious Consciousness Proofs for the existence of God: Ontological argument, Cosmological or casual argument; Moral argument, Nyaya and Yoga arguments for the existence of God  Unit-II Positivism; Agnosticism; Marxist interpretation of Religion: Indian theories agains: Western theories against the existence of God: Materialism; Naturalism; t the	PARTHA SARKAR	July to June	50

		existence of God: Bauddha, Samkhya and Mimamsa arguments against the existence of God. Antitheistic arguments of Freud and Durkheim			
GROUP-B	PHILOSOPHICAL CLASSICS)	Unit-I Mangalācarana to ajñāna – nirupana Unit – II Īsvara – nirupana to ātmā – nirupana	WRITTICK BHATTACHARYA	DO	50

# Lesson Plan for Part-III General (ACADEMIC YEAR 2019 -2020)

# FOR OLD REGULATION (UNDER 1+1+1 SYSTEM)

# PAPER- 4 (Theoretical and Applied Ethics)

GROUP	TOPIC	DESCRIPTION	NAME OF FACULTY	PERIOD	NUMBER OF LECTURERS
GROUP-A	Theoretical Ethics	Nature and Scope of Ethics, Moral and non- moral actions, Postulates of morality, Hedonism - Mill and Bentham, Kant's conception of good will, duty and Categorical Imperative, Ethics of Niskāma karma of the Bhagavadgita	PARTHA SARKAR	July to June	50

GROUP-B	Applied Ethics	Concept of Applied Ethics , Rights : Human rights and Discrimination on the basis of sex, race, caste and religion, Value of Life: Killing, Suicide and Euthanasia , Environmental Ethics: The environment and the human community, Reverence Future generations, Reference for life, Deep ecology 9 Mahatma Gandhi's Conception of Ahimsā (non - violence) Satyagraha (zest for	WRITTICK BHATTACHARYA	50
		(non - violence)		

Head of the Department Philosophy

Partha Sarkar